

Please read these instructions before use for proper operation. Please see catalog in details.

Before use

To avoid damage to the counter, refer to the following.

- To prevent interference of internal circuit.
 - Since the counter uses a transformer less power supply system, the input equipment must have the power supply transformer in which the secondary side is not grounded with the primary and secondary sides insulated, in order to prevent interference of the power supply circuit when connecting the external input circuit. Be sure not to use an autotransformer.
 - When the counting and the reset signals are input, securely connect the input signal terminal and common terminal (11-pin type: ③, 8-pin type: ①). Screw terminal type: ⑥) referring to the wiring diagram. If the input signal terminal is connected to the terminal other than the common terminal or if the power is applied to the input signal terminal, the internal circuit may be damaged.
- To prevent faulty operation due to noise.
 - The input device, the counter and input signal lines must be separated as far as possible from any source of electrical noise.
 - Connect the input wires, using shielded wires or in separate conduits as short as possible.
 - When connecting the input and output wires, do not connect them parallel to high-voltage or power cables and avoid using the same conduit.
- Operate the counter at ambient temperature of $-10^{\circ}\text{C}\sim+55^{\circ}\text{C}$ and at the ambient humidity of 85%RH or less.
- Do not use the counter in such places where inflammable or corrosive gas is generated, a lot of dust exists, oil is splashed or considerable shock and vibration occurs.

How to input

Relay output type, Transistor output type common.

Input wiring (Example of 11-pin type)	Contact input	Contactless input
Counting speed	30Hz	30Hz or 5kHz
Min. input signal width	20ms	1ms or 20ms
Input terminal	IN1 ①-⑥ (E-③) (①-④) IN2 ③-⑤ (E-③) (①-⑤) RESET ③-⑦ (E-③) (①-③) LOCK ③-④ (E-③) (①-③)	*1) Shows screw terminal type < > Shows 8-pin type *2) Shows screw terminal type < > Shows 8-pin type *3) Shows screw terminal type < > Shows 8-pin type *4) Shows screw terminal type < > Shows 8-pin type *5) Shows screw terminal type < > Shows 8-pin type
Notes of input	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use the gold-plated contact. Use the featuring short bounce time to prevent errors in the counter operation. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Apply the open-collector connection. The characteristics of transistor $V_{\text{CE0}} = 20\text{V}$ or above $I_{\text{C}} = 20\text{mA}$ or above $I_{\text{C}} = 6\mu\text{A}$ or less
Input from the contact less switching circuit (Example of RESET input)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Short-circuit resistance must be $1\text{k}\Omega$ or less. Open-circuit resistance must be $100\text{k}\Omega$ or more. The residual voltage on terminal must be 2V or less.

Terminal connection

Wiring diagram	11-pin type	8-pin type	Screw terminal type
	11-pin cap: A1P-1P1 (A1A4861) DIN rail number: A1P-1P1 (A1C1800)	8-pin cap: 08-1P-1P1 (A1A4861) DIN rail number: 08-1P-1P1 (A1C1800)	11-pin cap: A1P-1P1 (A1A4861) DIN rail number: A1P-1P1 (A1C1800)
Applicable sockets	②-⑩	②-⑦	①-②
Power supply	②: (-) ⑩: (+)	②: (-) ⑦: (+)	②: (-) ①: (+)
Notes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not make direct solder connections to the round pins. The power supply voltage must be applied at a time through contact of switch or relay. (Gradual increase of applied voltage may cause "malfunction" irrespective of the setting or power reset failure.) 		

Output mode and input mode setting

Dip switch setting.

Item	OFF	ON
1	Output mode	Refer to list 1
2	Output mode	Refer to list 1
3	Output mode	Refer to list 1
4	RESET input signal width	20ms
5	Counting speed	30Hz
6	Counting speed	5kHz
7	Input mode	Refer to list 2
8	Input mode	Refer to list 2

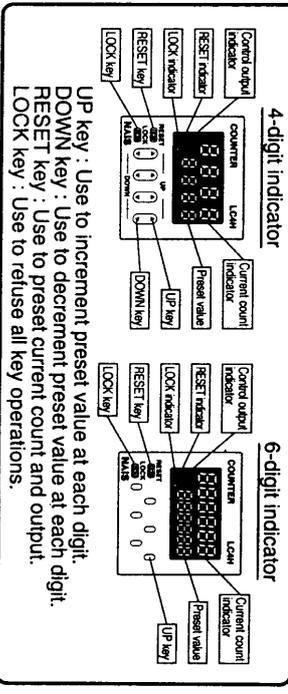
Switch No.	Output mode
1	SHORT-A
2	SHORT-B
3	SHORT-C
4	SHORT-D
5	SHORT-E
6	HOLD-A
7	HOLD-B
8	HOLD-C

Switch No.	Input mode
6	UP input
7	DOWN input
8	DIR input
9	IND input
10	PHASE input
11	DIR Err. Indicator
12	dir Err. Indicator

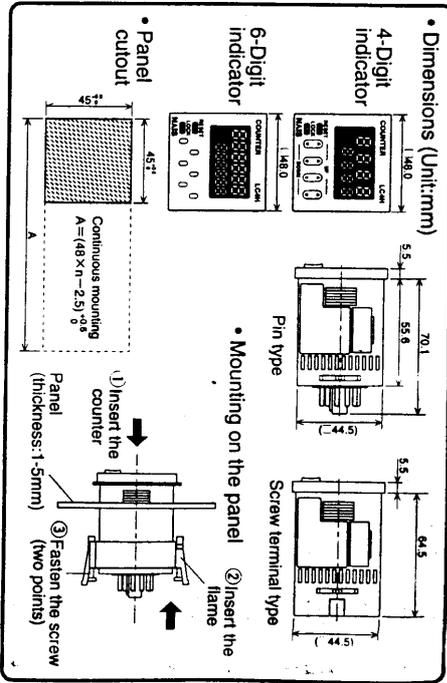
* Set up dip switch before fitting to the panel.

Parts name

Set up front key.



Dimensions and mounting hole dimensions



Self-diagnostic functions

When an error happens, the following indicators are given.

Indicator	Meaning	Output status	Recovery	Preset value after recovery
Underflow or	Underflow of preset value *1	NO	[RESET] key or reset input	Recovery
D IP-E-T	DIP switch change	change	Power on again (DIP switch set change)	No change
E-T-D	CPU error	OFF	[RESET] key or reset input or Power on again	0
E-T-D	Memory error *2	OFF	[RESET] key or reset input or Power on again	0

*1 Count value less than minimum value at DOWN, DIR, IND, PHASE input mode.
 *2 Includes getting to EEPROM rewriting life.

For CE marking products

EMC directive (89/336/EEC)
 LC4H series counters have conformity to the EMC directive as a counter itself. Conforming norms: EN50081-2, EN50082-2

Low voltage directive (73/23/EEC)

- The condition described below should be followed in order to satisfy the VDE0435/Part2021 conformity.
- Since the LC4H counters have a transformerless power supply system, the power supply and input terminals are not insulated.
 - Therefore, be sure to use double insulation between input terminal and input field device when using a sensor etc. as input for non-contact input.
 - Therefore, be sure to use a relay with double insulation between input terminal and input field device for contact input.
 - Be sure to use basic insulated device as output field device. Since LC4H counters have basic insulation, this basic insulation at the field device will meet the double insulation required by VDE.
 - Be sure to use a socket or caps for counter wiring when using pin type counters. Be sure to use a power supply with ENIEC conforming over current protection (such as fuse for 250V 1A).
 - Never touch the LC4H counters such as terminals while power is supplied. Be sure to check that no power is applied to every terminal before its installation and removal.
 - Never use LC4H equipment, be sure to add protective circuit to the equipment.